

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Resistance to disinfectant, stain resistance and chemical resistance of Duropal Laminates







RESISTANCE TO DISINFECTANT

Duropal laminates display high resistance to disinfectants. This permits a regular and thorough cleaning in accordance with applicable hygiene regulations.

The ease-of-cleaning and good disinfectibility is favoured by the fact that laminate surfaces consist of thermosetting resin which form a stable, resistant and a material beyond reactivation. The surface is also completely closed i.e. free of pores, which means that dirt and germs cannot settle permanently.

The test of disinfectant resistance is carried out analogously to the determination of stain resistance according to EN 438-2. The surface is brought into contact with different substances, the duration and conditions of contact are specified in the standard for each substance.

At the end of the recommended exposure time, which is 16 hours for disinfectants, the laminate surface is washed up and examined for permanent traces on the surface. The results are categorised into five grades:

Level 5: No visible change

Level 4: Slight change of gloss level and/or colour which is only visible under certain

viewing angles

Level 3: Moderate change of gloss level and/or colour Level 2: Clear change of gloss level and/or colour Level 1: Damage of the surface and/or blistering

If other disinfectants than those listed below are intended to come into contact with Duropal laminates, their compatibility must be checked in each individual case.



Pfleiderer Lab Test Assessments:

Manufacturer	Product	Concentration	Level
B. Braun SE	Helipur 1I	4 %	5
B. Braun SE	Melsept® SF		5
BODE Chemie GmbH	Dismozon® plus	0,8 % 1,2 %	5
BODE Chemie GmbH	Bacillol AF	100 %	5
clinell	UNIVERSAL WIPES	100 %	5
Dr. Johnson's	Sterilising Fluid, highly concentrated	2,2 %	5
Dr. Nüsken Chemie GmbH	NÜSCOSEPT	4 %	5
DR. SCHNELL GmbH & Co. KGaA	FOROL fruit Universalreiniger	2 %	5
DR. SCHNELL GmbH & Co. KGaA	FLOORTOP Hochleistungs-Wischpflege	10 %	5
DR. SCHNELL GmbH & Co. KGaA	DESIFOR PROTECT	1 %	5
Dr. Schumacher GmbH	OPTISEPT®	4 %	5
Dr. Schumacher GmbH	Ultrasol® F	3 %	5
ECOLAB	Brial TOP SCHONREINIGER	5 %	5
ECOLAB	Desguard 20	0,5 %	5
ECOLAB	Desguard 20	3 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ Active	2 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ OxyWipe NG	100 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ Plus	8 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ Pro	4 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ Pro	100 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ Rapid	0,5 %	5
ECOLAB	Incidin™ Rapid	2 %	5
ECOLAB	Klercide Sporicidial Active	100 %	5
ECOLAB	Klercide Low Residue Quat	100 %	5
ECOLAB	Klercide 70/30 IPA	100 %	5
ECOLAB			5
KESLA HYGIENE AG	Wofasteril [®]	1 %	5
KESLA HYGIENE AG	Wofasteril® Kombiverfahren – Wofasteril und Alcapur	2 %	5
Lysoform Dr. Hans Rosemann GmbH	Amocid®	5 %	5
Lysoform Dr. Hans Rosemann GmbH	Clorina®	3 %	5
Lysoform Dr. Hans Rosemann GmbH	Trichlorol®	5 %	5
Lysoform Dr. Hans Rosemann GmbH	Aldasan® 2000	4 %	5
Lysoform Dr. Hans Rosemann GmbH	Lysoformin® Plus	2%	5
MENNO CHEMIE-VERTRIEB GmbH	NEOPREDISAN 135-1	2 %	5
PAUL HARTMANN AG			5
PAUL HARTMANN AG	Kohrsolin FF	1,2 % 3 %	5
Redditch Medical Ldt.	InSpec™ HA	100 %	5
Sanosil AG	SanoClean AR	100 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	antifect® extra	0,7 % 2,5 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	mikrozid® AF wipes	100 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	mikrozid [®] sensitive wipes premium	100 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	mikrozid [®] universal wipes	100 %	5



Schülke & Mayr GmbH	perform [®]	3 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	pursept® AF	2 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	terralin® PAA	8 %	5
Schülke & Mayr GmbH	quartasept® plus	1,5 % 100 %	5
Tristel GmbH	JET by Cache	100 %	5
Weita AG	Weitaclean ECOLINE E6	50 % 100 %	5

None of the tested disinfectants led to a change in the Duropal laminate.

Since the nature and composition of disinfectants are generally not known, it is advisable to remove these substances after the recommended exposure time has been reached. For said reasons a general release of disinfectants is not possible.

Therefore, before first use, a test is advisable at a non-visible point.

STAIN RESISTANCE

The test for stain resistance is carried out in the same way as the test for disinfectant resistance in accordance with EN 438-2. The procedure and evaluation of results can be found in the previous section. The substances and respective exposure times are part of the table below.

For the degree of stain resistance of Duropal products, please refer to the respective technical data sheet.

Stain-producing substances		Exposure time
Group 1 Acetone Other organic solvents Toothpaste Hand cream Urine Alcoholic beverages Natural fruit and vegetable juices Lemonade and fruit drinks Meats and sausages Animal and vegetable fats and oils Water Yeast suspension in water	 Salt solutions (NaCl) Mustard Lyes, soap solutions Cleaning solution consisting of: 23 % dodecylbenzene sulfonate 10 % alkyl aryl polyglycol ether 67 % water Commercial disinfectants Stain or paint removers based on organic solvents Citric acid (10% solution) 	16 h
 Group 2 Coffee (120g of coffee per litre of water) Black tea (9g of tea per litre of water) Milk (all types) Wine vinegar Alkaline-based cleaning agents (to 10% concentration with water) Hydrogen peroxide (3% solution) 	 Ammonia (10% solution of commercial concentrate) Nail varnish Nail varnish remover Lipstick Water colours Laundry marking inks Ball point inks 	16 h

www. pfleiderer.com





Group 3

- Sodium hydroxide (25% solution)
- Hydrogen peroxide (30% solution)
- Concentrated vinegar (30% acetic acid)
- Bleaching agents and sanitary cleaners containing them
- Hydrochloric acid based cleaning agents (≤ 3% HCl)
- Acid-based metal cleaners
- Iodine
- Hair colouring and bleaching agents

- Soot suspension in paraffin oil (shoe polish replica)
- Boric acid
- Lacquers and adhesives (except fast curing materials)
- Amidosulfonic acid descaling agents (< 10% solution)
- Mercurochrome (2,7-dibromo-4hydroxymercurifluoresein, disodium salt)

10 min

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

Duropal laminates are resistant to most chemicals. However, some chemicals can affect the surface. The decisive factors are the concentration of the chemical, the pH value, the exposure time and the temperature.

Since the nature and composition of chemicals are not always known, they must always be removed immediately from the decorative laminate surface.

The substances listed in the following table do not lead to any change in the melamine surface even after a longer exposure time ≥ 16 hours:

Substances not causing any alteration on laminate surfaces	
A	Asparagine C ₄ H ₈ N ₂ O ₃
Acetic acid CH₃COOH	Aspartic acid C ₄ H ₇ NO ₄
Acetic acid iso-amyl ester C ₇ H ₁₄ O ₂	В
Acetone C ₃ H ₆ O	Barium chloride BaCl ₂
Alcohols (any) ROH	Barium sulphate BaSO ₄
Alcoholic beverages ROH	Benzaldehyde C ₇ H ₆ O
Aldehydes RCHO	Benzidine $NH_2C_6H_4C_6H_4NH_2$
Aluminium sulphate Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	Benzoic acid C ₇ H ₆ O ₂
Alum solution KAI(SO ₄) ₃	Benzene C ₆ H ₆
Amides RCONH ₂	Blood/Blood Group Test Sera
Amines (any)	Boric acid H ₃ BO ₃
4-Aminoacetophenone C ₈ H ₉ NO	Butylacetat C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₂
Ammonia NH ₃	Butyl alcohol C ₄ H ₁₀ O
Ammonium chloride NH₄CL	C
Ammonium sulphate (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	Cadmium acetate Cd(CH ₃ COO) ₂
Ammonium thiocyanate NH₄SCN	Cadmium sulphate CdSO ₄
Amylacetat C ₇ H ₁₄ O ₂	Calcium carbonate CaCO ₃
Amyl alcohol C₅H ₁₂ O	Calcium chloride CaCl ₂
a-Naphthol C ₁₀ H ₈ O	Calcium hydroxide Ca(OH) ₂
a-Naphtylamine C ₁₀ H ₉ N	Calcium nitrate Ca(NO ₃) ₂
Arabinose C ₅ H ₁₀ O ₅	Calcium oxide CaO
Ascorbic acid C ₆ H ₈ O ₆	Cane sugar C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁





0	
Carbolic acid C ₆ H ₆ O	L
Carbol-xylene C ₆ H ₅ OH-C ₆ H ₄ (CH ₃) ₂	Lactic acid C₃H ₆ O₃
Cement	Lactose C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁
Chloral hydrate C ₂ H ₃ Cl ₃ O ₂	Laevulose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆
Chlorobenzene C ₆ H ₅ Cl	Lead acetate Pb(C ₂ H ₃ O ₂) ₂
Cholesterol C ₂₇ H ₄₆ O	Lead nitrate Pb(NO ₃) ₂
Citric acid C ₆ H ₈ O ₇	Lithium carbonate Li ₂ CO ₃
Cocaine C ₁₇ H ₂₁ NO ₄	Lithium hydroxide up to 10% LiOH
Copper sulphate CuSO ₄	M
Cresol C ₇ H ₈ O	Magnesium carbonate MgCO₃
Cresylic acid CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄ COOH	Magnesium chloride MgCl ₂
Cyclohexane C ₆ H ₁₂	Magnesium hydroxide Mg(OH) ₂
D	Magnesium sulphate MgSO ₄
Digitonine C ₅₆ H ₉₂ O ₂₉	Maltose C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁
Dimethylformamide C ₃ H ₇ NO	Mannite C ₆ H ₁₄ O ₆
Dimethyl sulphoxide C ₂ H ₈ OS	Mannose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆
Dioxane C ₄ H ₈ O ₂	Mercury Hg
Dulcite C ₆ H ₁₄ O ₆	Meso inosite C ₆ H ₆ (OH) ₆
E	Methanol CH₃OH
Ethyl acetate C ₄ H ₈ O ₂	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane) CH ₂ CL ₂
F	Mineral oils
Formaldehyde CH ₂ O	Mineral salts (exception see: Table 3)
Formic acid up to 10% HCOOH	N
Fructose/Galactose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	Nail varnish
Fructose/Galactose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ G	Nail varnish Nail varnish remover
· ·- ·	
G	Nail varnish remover
G Gelatine	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH₃COOH	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄ Nicotine C ₁₀ H ₁₄ N ₂
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH_3COOH Glucose $C_6H_{12}O_6$	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH_3COOH Glucose $C_6H_{12}O_6$ Glycerine $C_3H_8O_3$	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH_3COOH Glucose $C_6H_{12}O_6$ Glycerine $C_3H_8O_3$ Glycocoll $C_2H_5NO_2$	Nail varnish remover
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH	Nail varnish remover
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C	Nail varnish remover $Nickel \ sulphate \ NiSO_4$ $Nicotine \ C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ \textbf{O} $Octanol \ (octyl \ alcohol) \ C_8H_{18}O$ $Oleic \ acid \ C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ $Olive \ oil$ \textbf{P}
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O	Nail varnish remover $Nickel \ sulphate \ NiSO_4$ $Nicotine \ C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ \textbf{O} $Octanol \ (octyl \ alcohol) \ C_8H_{18}O$ $Oleic \ acid \ C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ $Olive \ oil$ \textbf{P} $Paraffin \ C_nH_{2n+2}$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil
G Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid HCLO $_4$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH_3COOH Glucose $C_6H_{12}O_6$ Glycerine $C_3H_8O_3$ Glycocoll $C_2H_5NO_2$ Glycol (any) $HOCH_2$ CH_2OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum $CaSO_4$ $2H_2O$ H Heptanol $C_7H_{15}OH$ Hexane C_6H_{14}	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid $HCLO_4$ Phenol & phenol derivatives C_6H_6O
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid $HCLO_4$ Phenol & phenol derivatives C_6H_6O Phenolphthalein $C_{20}H_{14}O_4$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH_3COOH Glucose $C_6H_{12}O_6$ Glycerine $C_3H_6O_3$ Glycocoll $C_2H_5NO_2$ Glycol (any) $HOCH_2$ CH_2OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum $CaSO_4$ $2H_2O$ H Heptanol $C_7H_{15}OH$ Hexane C_6H_{14} Hexanol $C_6H_{13}OH$	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid $HCLO_4$ Phenol & phenol derivatives C_6H_6O Phenolphthalein $C_{20}H_{14}O_4$ p-Nitrophenol $C_6H_4NO_2OH$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid $HCLO_4$ Phenol & phenol derivatives C_6H_6O Phenolphthalein $C_{20}H_{14}O_4$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂ Hydroquinone C ₆ H ₆ O ₂ I Ink	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid $HCLO_4$ Phenol & phenol derivatives C_6H_6O Phenolphthalein $C_{20}H_{14}O_4$ p-Nitrophenol $C_6H_4NO_2OH$ Potassium aluminium sulphate KAI(SO $_4$) $_2$
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂ Hydroquinone C ₆ H ₆ O ₂ I Ink Inorganic salts and their mixtures	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄ Nicotine C ₁₀ H ₁₄ N ₂ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) C ₈ H ₁₈ O Oleic acid C ₁₈ H ₃₄ O ₂ Olive oil P Paraffin C _n H _{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol C ₅ H ₁₂ O Percaulic acid HCLO ₄ Phenol & phenol derivatives C ₆ H ₆ O Phenolphthalein C ₂₀ H ₁₄ O ₄ p-Nitrophenol C ₆ H ₄ NO ₂ OH Potassium aluminium sulphate KAI(SO ₄) ₂ Potassium bromate KBrO ₃ Potassium bromide KBr
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂ Hydroquinone C ₆ H ₆ O ₂ I Ink Inorganic salts and their mixtures Inositol C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO $_4$ Nicotine $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) $C_8H_{18}O$ Oleic acid $C_{18}H_{34}O_2$ Olive oil P Paraffin C_nH_{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol $C_5H_{12}O$ Percaulic acid $HCLO_4$ Phenol & phenol derivatives C_6H_6O Phenolphthalein $C_{20}H_{14}O_4$ p-Nitrophenol $C_6H_4NO_2OH$ Potassium aluminium sulphate KAI(SO $_4$) $_2$ Potassium bromate KBrO $_3$ Potassium carbonate K_2CO_3
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₈ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂ Hydroquinone C ₆ H ₆ O ₂ I Ink Inorganic salts and their mixtures Inositol C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Isopropyl C ₃ H ₈ O	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄ Nicotine C ₁₀ H ₁₄ N ₂ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) C ₈ H ₁₈ O Oleic acid C ₁₈ H ₃₄ O ₂ Olive oil P Paraffin C _n H _{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol C ₅ H ₁₂ O Percaulic acid HCLO ₄ Phenol & phenol derivatives C ₆ H ₆ O Phenolphthalein C ₂₀ H ₁₄ O ₄ p-Nitrophenol C ₆ H ₄ NO ₂ OH Potassium aluminium sulphate KAI(SO ₄) ₂ Potassium bromate KBrO ₃ Potassium carbonate K ₂ CO ₃ Potassium chloride KCI
Gelatine Glacial acetic acid / acetic acid CH ₃ COOH Glucose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ Glycerine C ₃ H ₆ O ₃ Glycocoll C ₂ H ₅ NO ₂ Glycol (any) HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH Graphite (carbon) C Gypsum CaSO ₄ 2H ₂ O H Heptanol C ₇ H ₁₅ OH Hexane C ₆ H ₁₄ Hexanol C ₆ H ₁₃ OH Hydrogen peroxide 3% H ₂ O ₂ Hydroquinone C ₆ H ₆ O ₂ I Ink Inorganic salts and their mixtures Inositol C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	Nail varnish remover Nickel sulphate NiSO ₄ Nicotine C ₁₀ H ₁₄ N ₂ O Octanol (octyl alcohol) C ₈ H ₁₈ O Oleic acid C ₁₈ H ₃₄ O ₂ Olive oil P Paraffin C _n H _{2n+2} Paraffin oil Pentanol C ₅ H ₁₂ O Percaulic acid HCLO ₄ Phenol & phenol derivatives C ₆ H ₆ O Phenolphthalein C ₂₀ H ₁₄ O ₄ p-Nitrophenol C ₆ H ₄ NO ₂ OH Potassium aluminium sulphate KAI(SO ₄) ₂ Potassium bromide KBr Potassium carbonate K ₂ CO ₃



Potassium iodata KIO	Storch
Potassium idate KIO ₃	Starch Starch Co. H. Co.
Potassium nitrate KNO ₃	Stearic acid C ₁₈ H ₃₆ O ₂
Potassium sodium tartrate KNaC ₄ H ₄ O ₆ * 4H ₂ O	Styrene C ₈ H ₈
Potassium sulphate K ₂ SO ₄	Sulphur S
Potassium tartrate C ₄ H ₄ K ₂ O ₆	Т
1,2-Propanediol C ₃ H ₈ O ₂	Talk Mg₃Si₄O₁₀(OH)₂
Propanol C ₃ H ₇ OH	Tannin C ₇₆ H ₅₂ O ₄₆
Pyridine C ₅ H ₅ N	Tetrachloromethane CCl ₄
R	Tetrahydrofuran C₄H ₈ O
Raffinose C ₁₈ H ₃₂ O ₁₆	Tetralin C ₁₀ H ₁₂
Rhamnose C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₅	Thiourea CH₄N₂S
S	Thymol C ₁₀ H ₁₄ O
Salicylaldehyde C ₇ H ₆ O ₂	Toluene C ₇ H ₈
Salicylic acid C ₇ H ₆ O ₃	Trehalose C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁
Sodium acetate C ₂ H ₃ NaO ₂	Trichloroethylene C ₂ HCl ₃
Sodium carbonate Na ₂ CO ₃	Tryptophan $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O_2$
Sodium chloride NaCl	Turpentine
Sodium citrate C ₆ H ₅ Na ₃ O ₇	U
Sodium diethyl barbiturate NaC ₈ H ₁₁ N ₂ O ₃	Urea solution CO(NH ₂) ₂
Sodium hydrogen carbonate NaHCO₃	Uric acid C₅H₄N₄O₃
Sodium hydrogen sulphite NaHSO₃	V
Sodium hydroxide up to 10% NaOH	Vanillin C ₈ H ₈ O ₃
Sodium hyposulphite Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄	W
Sodium nitrate NaNO ₃	Water H₂O
Sodium phosphate Na ₃ PO ₄	Wine acid C₄H ₆ O ₆
Sodium silicate Na ₂ SiO ₃	X
Sodium sulphate Na ₂ SO ₄	Xylene C ₈ H ₁₀
Sodium sulphide Na ₂ S	Z
Sodium sulphite Na ₂ SO ₃	Zinc chloride ZnCl ₂
Sodium tartrate Na ₂ C ₄ H ₄ O ₆	Zinc sulfate ZnSO ₄
Sodium thiosulfate Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃	Zinc chloride ZnCl ₂
Sorbitol C ₆ H ₁₄ O ₆	

The following substances may only be used for a short time, maximum 10 to 15 minutes. During this time, the surface must be wiped with a wet cloth and then rubbed dry.

Substances causing laminate surface damage after prolonged exposure	
Aluminium chloride AlCl ₃	Fuchsine C ₁₉ H ₁₉ N ₃ O
Amidosulfonic acid NH ₂ SO ₃ H	Hydrochloric acid up to 10% HCl
Ammonium hydrogen sulphate NH ₄ HSO ₄	Hydrogen peroxide 3-30% H ₂ O ₂
Arsenic acid up to approx. 10% H ₃ AsO ₄	Inorganic acids up to 10%
Crystal Violet (Gentian Violet) C ₂₅ H ₃₀ CIN ₃	lodine I ₂
Dyeing and bleaching agents	Lithium hydroxide over approx 10% LiOH
Ferric chloride FeCl ₂	Mercuric di-chromate HgCr₂O ₇
Ferrous chloride FeCl ₃	Methylene Blue C ₁₆ H ₁₈ N ₃ SCI
Formic acid up to 10% HCOOH	Millon's reagent OHg ₂ NH ₂ CI



Nitric acid up to 10% HNO₃	Potassium permanganate KMnO ₄
Oxalic acid C ₂ H ₂ O ₄	Silver nitrate AgNO ₃
Picric acid C ₆ H ₃ N ₃ O ₇	Sodium hydrogen sulphate NaHSO ₄
Phosphoric acid up to 10% H ₃ PO ₄	Sodium hydroxide over 10% NaOH
Potassium chromate K ₂ CrO ₄	Sodium hypochlorite (chlorine bleach) NaOCl
Potassium di-chromate K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	Sodium hypochlorite (chlorine lye) NaOCl
Potassium hydrogen sulphate KHSO ₄	Sublimate solution HgCl ₂
Potassium hydroxide over 10% KOH	Sulphuric acid up to 10% H ₂ SO ₄
Potassium iodide KI	

The chemicals listed in the table below cause irreversible laminate surface damages. Any contact, even short-term, must therefore be avoided!

Substances causing irreversible laminate-surface d	lamage
Adhesives (chemically hardened)	Hydrogen bromide* HBr
Amidosulfonic acid* NH ₂ SO ₃ H	Inorganic acids*
Aqua regia* HNO ₃ + HCl = 1:3	Nitric acid* HNO ₃
Arsenic acid H ₃ AsO ₄	Phosphoric acid* H ₃ PO ₄
Chrome sulphuric acid* K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ + H ₂ SO ₄	Hydrofluoric acid* HF
Formic acid* HCOOH	Sulfuric acid* H ₂ SO ₄
Hydrochloric acid* HCI	

^{*} in concentrations over 10%

The influence of aggressive gases can have a negative effect on the optical appearance of Duropal laminate surfaces, but their functionality is generally not negatively affected.

Substances causing laminate-surface damage
Bromine Br ₂
Chlorine Cl ₂
fuming acids
Nitrous fumes NO _x / N _x O _y
Sulphur dioxide SO ₂

PM HPL / Elements / Lacquered boards

© Copyright 2024 Pfleiderer Deutschland GmbH

This information has been compiled with the greatest care. Nevertheless we can assume no liability for the correctness, completeness and up-to-dateness of this information. Colour deviations caused by the printing technology are possible. In view of the ongoing further development and adaptation of our products, possible amendments to the relevant standards, laws and regulations, our technical data sheets and product documentation expressly do not constitute a legally binding assurance of the properties described there. In particular no guarantee of suitability for a concrete application can be derived. It is therefore the personal responsibility of the individual user in all cases to check the processing and suitability of the products described in this document for the intended application in advance, and to take into consideration the legal framework and the respective state-of-the-art. We furthermore expressly draw attention to the applicability of our General Terms and Conditions. You can find our general terms and conditions on our webpage: www.pfleiderer.com

www. pfleiderer.com